

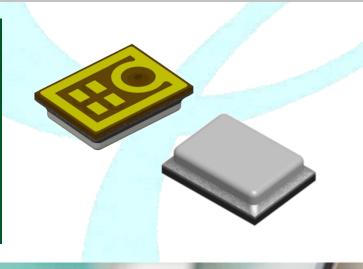
DATA SHEET

F1-(A)HDMO-D100R26-5P

F1-(A)HDMO-D100R26-5P

High SNR / Multiple Clock Mode / Small Mini

> OMNI-DIRECTIONAL Bottom PORT



Best sound electronics Value no1. Micro sound provider

Creative technology starts from respecting of life of the individuals

AAAAAAA

Creative technologies to respect human life



Best sound electronics Value not: Micro sound provider

We offer you happiness with our excellent technology beyond an ordinary sound what you expect

Superior technology to deliver happinesi



Best sound electronics Value no1. Micro sound provider

Keep basic fundamentals to fill sound with new innovations

Creative technologies to respect human life





1. INTRODUCTION

- Digital MEMS Microphone 1/2 Cycle PDM 16bit, Full Scale=120dBSPL
- Bottom Port Type Sensitivity is Typical -26dBFS
- High Signal to Noise Ratio(SNR) Typical 64.5dB (A-weighted, 20Hz~20kHz) at Standard Mode
- Multiple Clock Mode Stand by Mode, Low-Power Mode(LPM), Standard Mode(STM)
- Omni-directional
- Dual Channel supported
- RF Shielded with embedded Ground
- Compatible with Sn/Pb and Halogen-free solder process
- RoHS compliant
- SMD reflow temperature of up to 260 °C for over 30 seconds

2. APPLICATIONS

- Smartphones
- · Ear-sets, Bluetooth Headsets
- Smart Speaker, Set Top Box
- Tablet Computers
- Wearable Devices
- Electrical Appliances
- Voice Recognition Systems of Appliances

3. MODEL NO. F1-(A)HDMO-D100R26-5P V2.0

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4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Parameter | Absolute maximum rating | Units |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|
| Vdd , Data to Ground | -0.3 to +3.6 | V |
| Clock to Ground | -0.3, Vdd+0.3 | V |
| Select to Ground | -0.3, Vdd+0.3 | V |
| Input Current | 2 | mA |
| Short Circuit Current to/from Data | na | sec |

Caution : Stresses above those listed n "Absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "ELECTRO-ACOUSTIC CHARACTERISTICS" is not implied. Exposure beyond those indicated under "ELECTRO-ACOUSTIC CHARACTERISTICS" for extended periods may affect device reliability.

5. GENERAL MICROPHONE SPECIFICATIONS

Test Condition : 23 \pm 2°C, Room Humidity = 55 \pm 20 %, VDD=1.8V, fclk = 2.4^{Mb}, SELECT Pin is grounded, CLOAD = 1 μ F, unless otherwise noticed

| P | arameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Мах | Units |
|--------------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----|-------|------|-------|
| | Sleep Mode | | 0 | - | 100 | kHz |
| Clock | Low-Power Mode | | 700 | 768 | 1200 | kHz |
| Frequency Range | Ctau dand Mada | | 2.0 | 2.4 | 4.0 | MHz |
| | Standard Mode | | 2.0 | 3.072 | 4.0 | MHZ |
| Sleep Mode Curr | ent | fclk < 100kHz | - | 4 | 20 | Aц |
| Short Circuit Cur | rent | Grounded DATA pin | 1 | - | 20 | mA |
| Output Load | | | - | - | 140 | pF |
| Fall-asleep Time | | fclk < 100kHz | - | - | 10 | ms |
| Wake-up Time | | fclk > 351kHz | - | - | 20 | ms |
| Power-up Time | | V _{DD} > V(min) | - | - | 50 | ms |
| Mode-Change Ti | me | | - | - | 10 | ms |

* Note : Must be consulted when used another clock frequency without the typical clock frequencys.



V2.0

6. ELECTRO-ACOUSTIC CHARACTERISTICS

Test Condition : 23 \pm 2°C, Room Humidity = 55 \pm 20 %, VDD=1.8V, fclk = 2.4^{Mlz}, SELECT Pin is grounded, <u>**C**LOAD</u> = 1 μ F, unless otherwise noticed.

| Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|---|--|--------|-------------|-------|------------|
| Directivity | ivity | | ni-directio | onal | |
| Supply Voltage | | 1.64 | - | 3.6 | V |
| Data Format | | ½ Cy | cle PDM | 16bit | - |
| Full Scale Acoustic Level | | | 120 | | dBSPL |
| Comment concountion | fclk = 2.4 ^{MHz} , load on DATA output | 530 | - | 730 | |
| Current consumption | fclk = 3.072 ^{Mbz} , load on DATA output | 590 | - | 790 | Ац |
| Standard Mode [STM] | | | | | |
| Test Conditions : Measur | rement Clock Frequency=2.40 MHz , Vdo | d=1.8V | | | |
| Sensitivity | 94dB SPL at 1kHz | -29 | -26 | -23 | dBFS |
| Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR) | 94dBSPL at 1kHz, A-weighted ($20^{Hz} \sim 20^{kHz}$) | - | 64.5 | - | dB(A) |
| Equivalent Input Noise (EIN) | 94dBSPL at 1kHz, A-weighted ($20^{Hz} \sim 20^{kHz}$) | - | 29.5 | - | dB(A)SPL |
| | 94dBSPL at 1 ^{kHz} | - | 0.15 | 0.3 | |
| Total Harmonic Distortion | 111dBSPL at 1 ^{kHz} | - | - | 1.0 | % |
| (THD) | 118dBSPL at 1 ^{kHz} | - | - | 3.0 | 70 |
| | 119dBSPL at 1 ^{kHz} | - | - | 5.0 | |
| Acoustic Overload Point (AOP) | THD>10%, at 1 ^{kHz} | 121 | - | - | dBSPL |
| Power Supply Rejection Raito (PSRR) | Measured with 1 ^{kHz} sine wave and broad band noise, both 200mVpp | - | 55 | - | dBV/FS |
| Power Supply Rejection (PSR) | Measured with 217 ^{Hz} square wave and broad band noise, both 100mVpp, A-weighted | - | -88 | - | dBFS(A) |
| Low Power Mode [LPM] Test Conditions : Measure | rement Clock Frequency=768 kHz , Vdd: | =1.8V | | | |
| Current consumption | Normal operation | 200 | - | 380 | ДЦ |
| Sensitivity | 94dB SPL at 1kHz | -29 | -26 | -23 | dBFS |
| Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR) | 94dBSPL at 1kHz, A-weighted ($20^{Hz} \sim 8^{kHz}$) | - | 61.6 | - | dB(A) |
| Equivalent Input Noise (EIN) | 94dBSPL at 1kHz, A-weighted (20Hz~8kHz) | - | 32.4 | - | dB(A)SPL |
| | 94dBSPL at 1 ^{klz} | - | 0.2 | 0.3 | |
| Total Harmonic Distortion | 110dBSPL at 1 ^{kHz} | - | - | 1.0 | <i>C</i> (|
| (THD) | 117dBSPL at 1 ^{kHz} | - | - | 3.0 | % |
| | 119dBSPL at 1 ^{kHz} | - | - | 5.0 | |
| Acoustic Overload Point (AOP_ | THD>10%, at 1 ^{kHz} | 121 | - | - | dBSPL |
| Power Supply Rejection Raito (PSRR) | Measured with 1 ^{kHz} sine wave and broad band noise, both 200mVpp | - | 67 | - | dBV/FS |
| Power Supply Rejection (PSR) | Measured with 217 ^{Hz} square wave and broad band noise, both 100mVpp, A-weighted | - | -98 | - | dBFS(A) |

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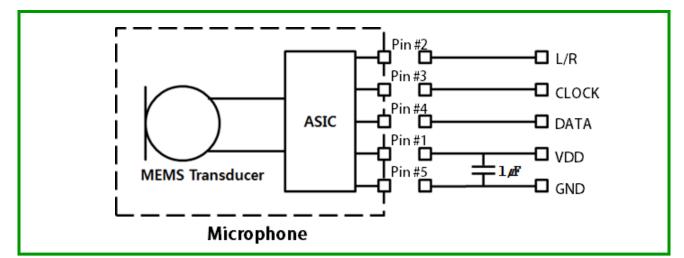
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7. INTERFACE PARAMETER

| Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|----------------------------|---|---------------------|-----|-----------------------|-------|
| | | 0.7 | - | 1.2 | 141 |
| Clock Frequency | | 2.0 | - | 4.0 | MHz |
| Stand by Clock Frequency | | - | - | 100 | kHz |
| Clark Duty Cycle | fclk ≤ 2.4Mb | 40 | - | 60 | % |
| Clock Duty Cycle | 2.4М± < fсlк | - | 50 | - | % |
| Clock Input Impedance | | 1000 | - | - | MΩ |
| LR Input Impedance | | 1000 | - | - | MΩ |
| Input Logic Low Level | | -0.3 | - | 0.3 x V _{DD} | V |
| Input Logic High Level | | $0.7 \times V_{DD}$ | - | V _{DD} + 0.3 | V |
| Output Logic Low Level | | -0.3 | - | 0.3 x V _{DD} | V |
| Output Logic High Level | | $0.7 \times V_{DD}$ | - | V _{DD} + 0.3 | V |
| Clock Rise / Fall Time | | - | - | 10 | ns |
| Delay Time for Data driven | | 18 | 55 | - | ns |
| Delay Time for Valid Data | Rload, min = $100k\Omega$ Cload, max = $200pF$ VDD = 1.64 to 3.6V | | - | 100 | ns |
| Delay Time for High Z | | 0 | 5 | 10 | ns |



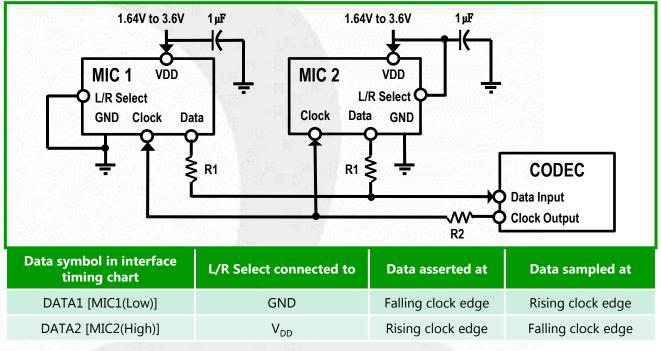
8. MEASUREMENT CIRCUIT



9. PIN DESCRIPTION

| Pin Name | Description | |
|------------|--|--|
| VDD | Supply and IO voltage for the microphone | |
| L/R Select | Left/Right (DATA2 / DATA1) Channel selection | |
| CLOCK | Clock input to the microphone | |
| DATA | PDM data output from the microphone | |
| GND | Ground | |

10. INTERFACE CIRCUIT & CHANNEL DATA CONFIGURATION



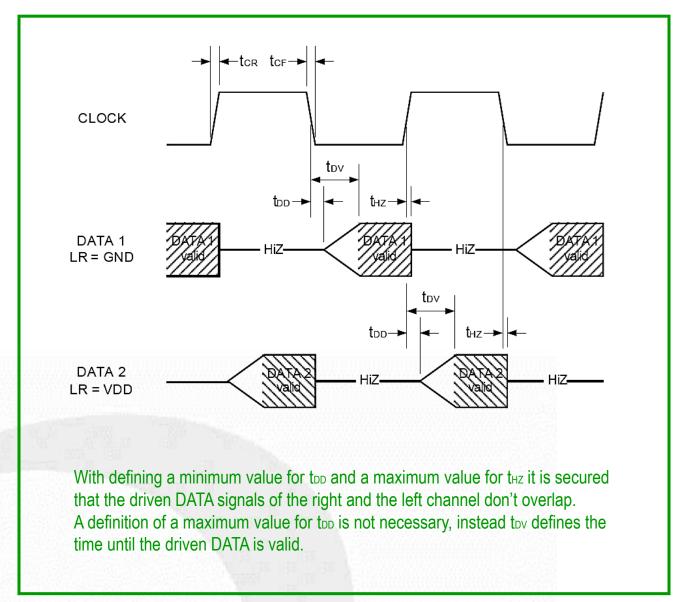
Note 1 : Stereo operation is accomplished by connecting the L/R Sel. pin either to VDD or GND on the phone PWB. Bypass Capacitors near each MIC. on VDD are recommended to provide maximum SNR performance. Note 2 : R1(Data source termination Resister) should be as close as possible to each the MIC. (50Ω~100Ω)

Note 3 : R2(Clock source termination Resister) should be as close as possible to the CODEC. ($50\Omega \sim 100\Omega$)

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11. INTERFACE TIMING CHART



12. ENVIRONMENTAL CHARACTERISTICS AND STANDARD CONDITIONS

| Item | Min | Тур | Мах | Unit |
|-----------------------------|-----|-----|------|------|
| Operating temperature range | -40 | - | +100 | C |
| Storage temperature range | -40 | - | +100 | C |
| Relative humidity | 25 | - | 85 | % |
| Air Pressure | 860 | - | 1060 | mBar |
| Standard temperature range | 15 | 20 | 25 | C |
| Standard Relative humidity | 40 | - | 60 | % |



13. TYPICAL FREQUENCY RESPONSE CURVE

Far Field Measurement Condition

Temperature : 23 ± 2 ℃

Supply Voltage : 1.8V

Clock Frequency : 2.4MHz

Acoustic stimulus : 1Pa (94dB SPL at 1kHz) at 50 cm from the loud-speaker.

The loud-speaker must be calibrated to make a flat frequency response input signal.

Position :

The frequency response of microphone unit measured at 50cm from the loud-speaker

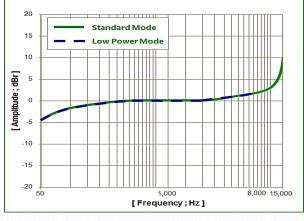


Figure 1. Typical Frequency Response, Normalized to 1 kHz

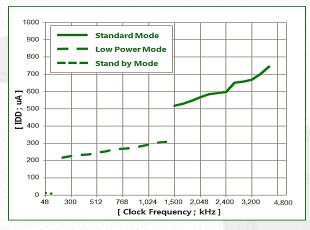
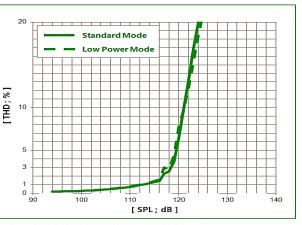


Figure 3. Typical IDD vs Clock Frequency, All Mode





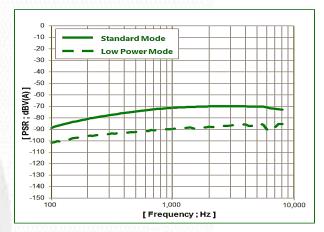


Figure 4. Typical Power Supply Rejection (PSR) vs. Frequency, Standard and Low-Power Modes

Frequency Mask Specification

| Frequency [Hz] | Lower Limit [dBr] | Upper Limit [dBr] | Note |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| 50 | -6 | +2 | |
| 150 ~ 1000 | -2 | +2 | |
| 1000 | 0 | 0 | |
| 1000 ~ 3400 | -2 | +2 | $OdBr = dBFS at 1^{kHz}$ |
| 12000 | -2 | +7 | |
| 15000 | -2 | +12 | |
| Note : Band Frequence 1. Narrow Band | | | |

: 100Hz ~ 7kHz 2. Wide Band

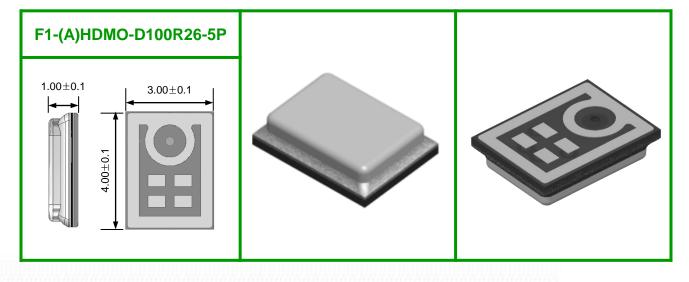
3. Super Wide Band : 50Hz ~ 14kHz

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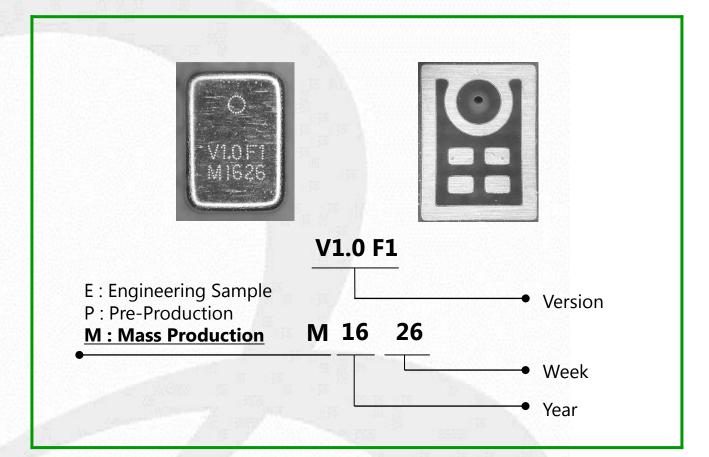
14. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

*** PCB design & Pin size can be changed by model No.**

SMD Type



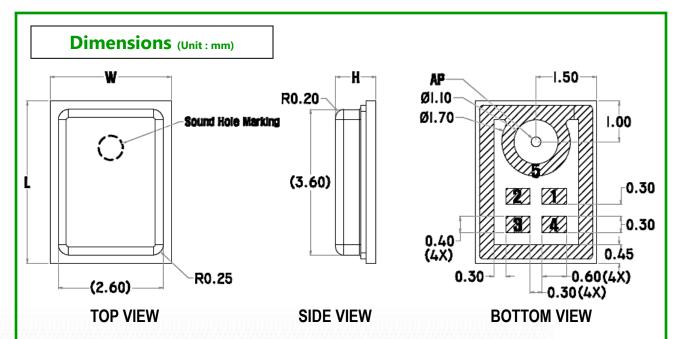
Lettering





14. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

- Mechanical dimensions & Pad Lay-out



| ltem | Dimension | Tolerance (+/-) | Units |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------------|-------|
| Length (L) | 4.00 | 0.10 | mm |
| Width (W) | 3.00 | 0.10 | mm |
| Height (H) | 1.00 | 0.10 | mm |
| Acoustic Port (AP) | Φ 0.25 | 0.10 | mm |

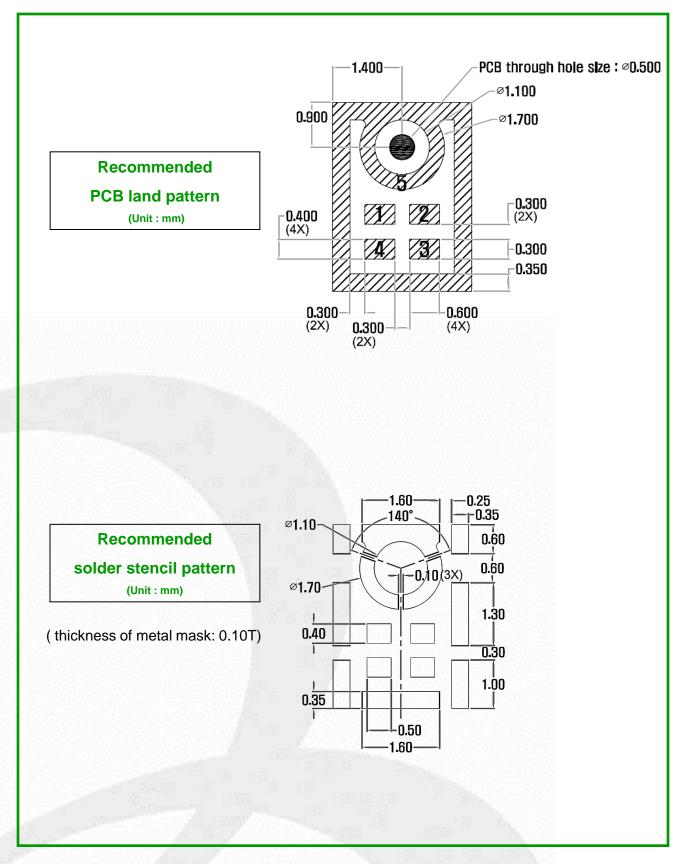
| Pin Name | Туре | Description |
|----------|---------------------------|--|
| VDD | Power | Supply and I/O voltage |
| L/R | L/R Select | Left/Right channel selection |
| CLK | Clock | Clock input |
| DATA | Digital O | PDM data output |
| GND | Ground | Ground |
| | VDD L/R CLK DATA | VDDPowerL/RL/R SelectCLKClockDATADigital O |

Note : All ground Pins must be connected to ground. "5"Pin must be sealed by solder paste on the PWB. General Tolerance ± 0.08 mm.



14. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

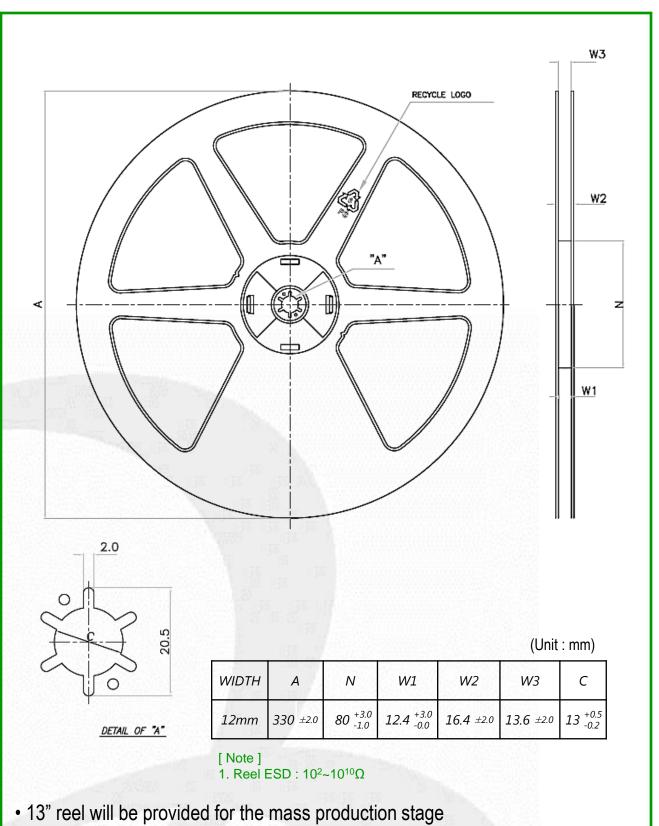
- Recommended Land Pattern & Stencil Pattern





15. PACKAGING SPECIFICATION



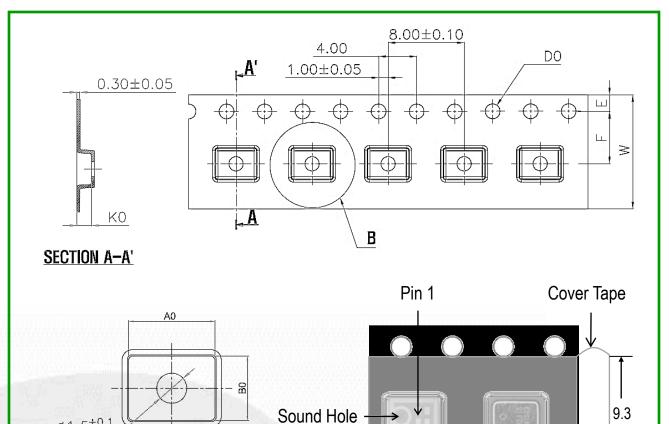


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15. PACKAGING SPECIFICATION

- Taping



DETAIL B [2:1]

[Note]

Ø1.5+0.1

- 1. Direction of parts : See above pictures.
- 2. Microphone total quantity (13" Reel) : 4,000pcs
- 3. Carrier Tape ESD : $10^2 \sim 10^{10} \Omega$
- 4. Carrier Tape Material & Color : PS, Black
- 5. Cover Tape Inside ESD : $10^2 \sim 10^{10} \Omega$
- 6. Thermo Compression Bonding

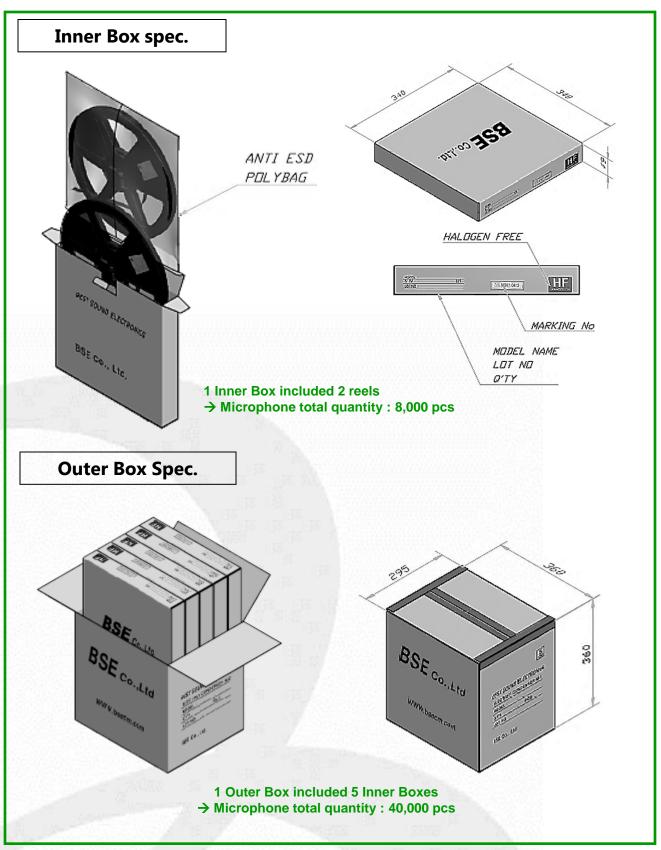
Unit : mm

| AO | 4.30±0.10 | E | 1.75±0.10 |
|----|-----------|---|------------|
| B0 | 3.20±0.10 | F | 5.50±0.05 |
| К0 | 1.30±0.10 | т | 0.30±0.05 |
| D0 | 1.50±0.10 | W | 12.00±0.30 |



15. PACKAGING SPECIFICATION

- Packing





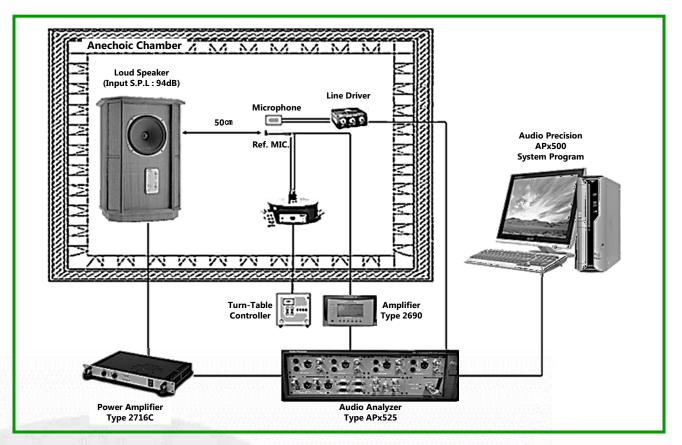
V2.0

16. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITIONS

| Note : After test conditions are performed, the sensitivity of the microphone shall not deviate more than ± 3 dB from its initial value. | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| TEST | DESCRIPTION | | | |
| TEMPERATURE | [High Temperature Storage] +80 $^{\circ}$ $^{\pm}3 ^{\circ}$ x 200hrs (The measurement to be done after 2 hours of conditioning at room temperature) | | | |
| STORAGE | [Low Temperature Storage] $-30^\circ\!C\pm\!3^\circ\!C$ x 200hrs (The measurement to be done after 2 hours of conditioning at room temperature) | | | |
| TEMPERATURE CYCLE | $(-25^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C \times 30 \text{min} \rightarrow +20^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C \times 10 \text{min} \rightarrow +70^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C \times 30 \text{min} \rightarrow +20^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C \times 10 \text{min}) \times 5 \text{cycles}$ (The measurement to be done after 2 hours of conditioning at room temperature) | | | |
| THERMAL SHOCK | (+85 $\degree\pm2\degree$ C -> -40 $\degree\pm2\degree$ Change time : 20sec) x 96cycles Maintain : 30min (The measurement to be done after 2 hours of conditioning at room temperature) | | | |
| HIGH TEMPERATURE | +85 $^\circ\!\!\!\!C\pm 2$, 85 \pm %RH, Bias(3.6V) x 200hrs (The measurement to be done after 2 hours of conditioning at room temperature) | | | |
| AND HUMIDITY | +70 $^{\circ}$ ±2, 95±%RH x 200hrs (The measurement to be done after 2 hours of conditioning at room temperature) | | | |
| ESD (Electrostatic | Air discharge : $\pm 8kV$, $\pm 10kV$, $\pm 12kV$, $\pm 15kV$ Vdd, Data, CLK, L/R, GND Pad each 5 times (Non-ground) | | | |
| Discharge) | Contact discharge : $\pm 2kV$, $\pm 4kV$, $\pm 6kV$, $\pm 8kV$ Vdd, Data, CLK, L/R, GND Pad each 5 times (Non-ground) | | | |
| VIBRATION | Signal 5Hz to 500Hz, acceleration spectral density of 0.01g ² /Hz in each of 3 axes, 120 min in each axis (360min in total) | | | |
| DROP | To be no interference in operation after dropped to steel floor 18 times from 1.52 meter height in state of packing | | | |
| REFLOW SENSITIVITY | 5 reflow cycles. Refer to reflow profile from specification item 18. | | | |

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17. MEASUREMENT SYSTEM



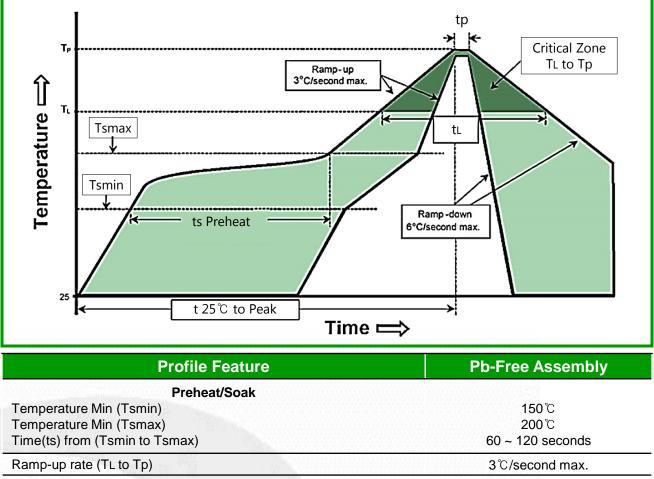
17.1 Measurement Condition

- (a) Supply voltage : 1.8V
- (b) Clock Frequency : 768kHz, 2.4 MHz
- (c) Acoustic stimulus : 94dB SPL at 1kHz
- (d) Distance between MIC & SPK : 50 cm
- (e) Measurement frequency : 50 (Hz) \sim 20 (kHz)

| Machine | Model No | Purpose |
|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| Standard MIC | 4191 | Revision of input signal & SPK spec |
| Audio Analyzer | APX525 | Audio Analysis (include Power Supply) |
| Loud-speaker | GRF Memory HE | SPK (Input sound Signal occur) |
| Power Amplifier | 2716C | Power amplification |
| Charging Conditioning Amplifier | 2690 | Ref. MIC Signal Transformation |
| Operating Software | APx500 3.4.4 | A-D Freq. Resp. |
| Sound Level Calibrator | 4231 | Standard MIC Calibration purpose |



18. SOLDER REFLOW PROFILE



| · · ·································· | |
|--|------------------|
| Liquidous temperature(TL) | 217 ℃ |
| Time(tL) maintained above TL | 60 ~ 150 seconds |
| Peak package body temperature (Tp) | 260 ℃ |
| Time(tp) within 5 $^{\circ}$ C of the specified classification Temperature(Tc) | 20 ~ 40 seconds |
| Ramp-down rate (Tp to TL) | 6℃/second max. |
| Time 25℃ to peak temperature | 8 minutes max. |

[Notes]

- 1. Solder Reflow Profile based on IPC/JDEC J-STD-020 Revision D.
- 2. Do not pull a vacuum over the port hole of the microphone. Pulling a vacuum over the port hole can damage the device.
- 3. Do not board wash after the reflow process. Board washing and cleaning agents can damage the device. Do not expose to ultrasonic processing or cleaning.
- 4. Recommend no more than 5 cycles.
- 5. Shelf life : Twelve(12) months when devices are to be stored in factory supplied, unopened ESD moisture sensitive bag under maximum environmental condition of 30° C, 70% R.H.
- 6. Exposure : Devices should not be exposed to high humidity, high temperature environment. MSL (Moisture sensitivity level) Class 1.
- 7. Out of bag : Maximum of 90 days of ESD moisture sensitive bag, assuming maximum conditions of 30 °C, 70% R.H.



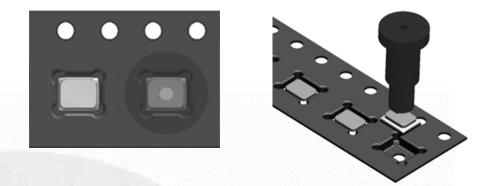
<u>F1-(A)HDMO-D100R26-5P</u> V2.0

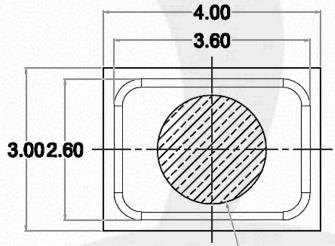
19. RECOMMENDED PICK-UP NOZZLE CONDITIONS

19.1. Nozzle material : Metal or Rubber, Etc.

19.2. Case Weight

- If tool outer size is bigger than MIC. : Max. 10N
- If tool outer size is smaller than MIC. : Max. 4N
- 19.3. Nozzle position : The opposite side of sound hole
 - Nozzle inner diameter size : Max. Ø2.0
 - position : the MIC center



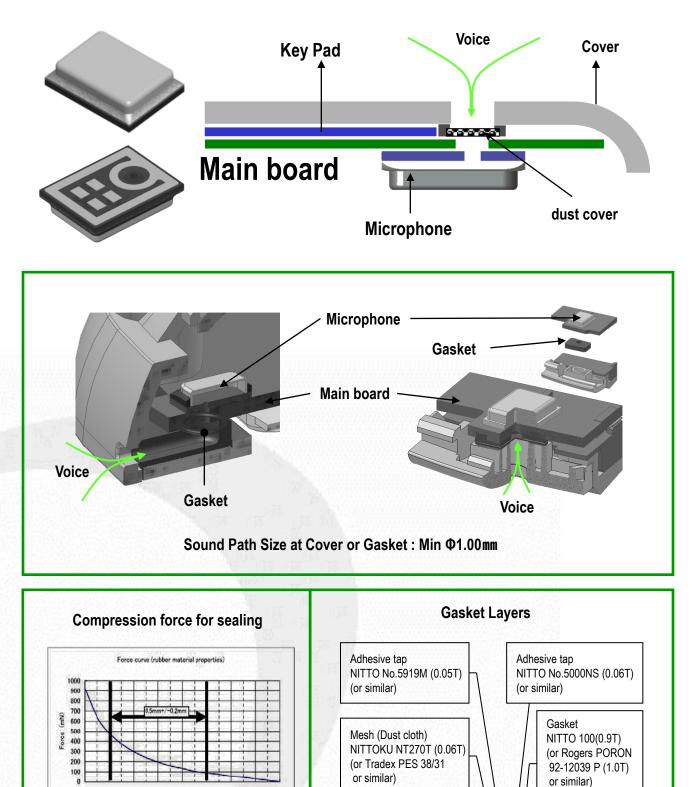


Max. Ø2.00 (Nozzle inner diameter)

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20. APPLICATION EXAMPLE



0.4

0.2 0.3

0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9

Gasket compression range for sealing → 0.5±0.2mm

0.5 0.6 0.7 Rubber thickness (mm)

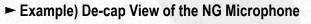
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21. HANDLING GUIDE

21.1. Handling Guide of Cleaning & Foreign Matter

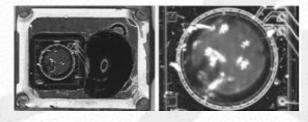
- * Note 1. No Liquid or/and gas should be used for washing / cleaning.
- * Note 2. No board washes should be applied after reflow
- * Note 3. No foreign matter should be exposed interior microphone during cleaning or washing. if cleaning or washing is applied unavoidably, It must do additional prevention in area of "Microphone sound hole" to avoid foreign matter.(<u>ex. Attached protective tape</u>)
- * Note 4. No seal sound hole of microphone should be applied during reflow process
- * Note 5. <u>No ultrasonic cleaning should be applied in case of microphone unit itself or/and after</u> <u>installed microphone_onto board.</u>
- * Note 6. <u>Do not reuse microphone which is defect during SMD.</u> Do not wash or clean to reuse microphone which is defect during SMD.

De-cap View of Good part

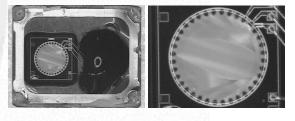


Reflow after sealing of Sound Hole

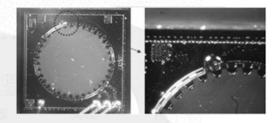
Defect view NG MIC by ultrasonic cleaning



Defect view NG MIC by Pick-up



Defect view NG MIC by liquid foreign matter



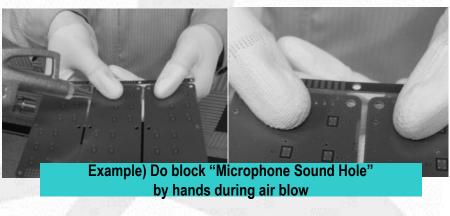




21.2. Handling Guide of Care of Board Routing & Cutting

- * Note 1. <u>Do work maximum distance with microphone and minimum speed machining setting</u> <u>during Board Routing & Cutting</u>
- * Note 2. Do not wash or clean "Board" after Board Routing & Cutting
- * Note 3. <u>Do additional prevention in area of "microphone sound hole" to avoid foreign</u> <u>matter(ex. Attached protective tape) during Board Routing & Cutting</u>
- * Note 4. Do not use strong air flow directly in order to remove foreign matter should be applied in microphone
- * Note 5. <u>Do preventive action in area of "microphone sound hole" to avoid foreign</u> <u>matter(ex. Attached protective tape) or air .</u>
 - (ex. Block "Microphone sound hole" by hands as below picture)
 - Example) Air Blowing Condition

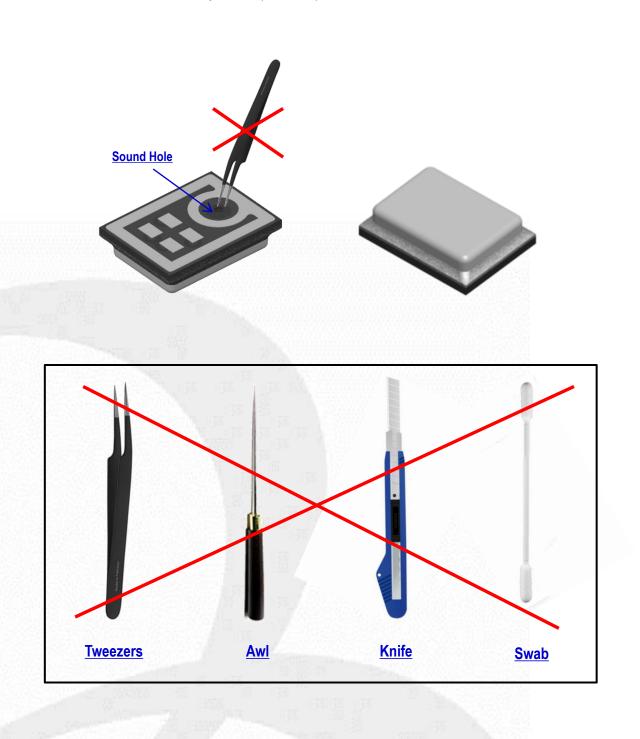






21.3. Broken Membrane & Back Plate of MEMS DIE

- * Note 1. Do not touch Sound Hole by Sharp Tools. (ex. Tweezers)
- * Note 2. Do not rub Sound Hole by Swab. (ex. Cloth)





21.4. PRECAUTION for ESD

* Note 1. Wrist straps

Since the main cause of static is people, wrist-straps is very important to reduce the ESD damage. A wrist-strap, when properly grounded, keeps a person wearing it near ground potential and static charges do not accumulate. Wrist-straps should be worn by all personnel in all ESD protection areas, that is where ESD susceptible devices and end products containing them are assembled, manufactured handled and packaged.

Further ESD protection, similar to wrist-strap, involves the use of ESD protection floors in conjunction with ESD control footwear or foot-straps. Static control garments (smocks) give additional protection.

* Note 2. Work Areas

It is recommended that all areas where components that are not in ESD protective packaging are handled should be designated as ESD protective areas. Ground mats of ESD safe table surfaces is needed. These should be connected to the local ground with a 1 Mega-ohm series resistor. ESD safe floor and shoes are also needed.

* Note 3. lonizers

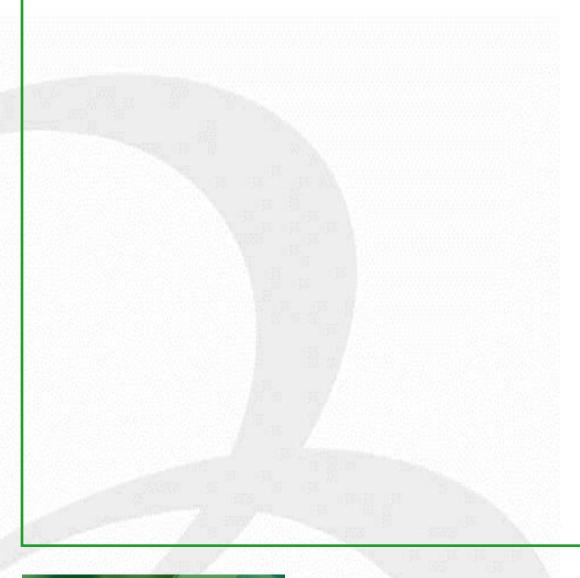
In situations where we have to deal with isolated conductors that cannot be grounded and with most common plastics, air ionization can neutralize the static charge because only air is required for ionization to be effective, air ionizers can and should be used wherever it is not possible to ground everything.



21.5. Inspection by X-Ray

* Note 1. Do inspect X-Ray after SMD.

It is different X-Ray condition by applied SMD company.





22. REWORK

22.1. Recommended Heater Gun Specification

| Manufacturer | | НАККО | |
|---------------------|-----------|---|--|
| Model | | 850B ESD | |
| Temperature control | | emperature control 100 ~ 420 | |
| Top heater | Туре | Hot air flow | |
| | Flow rate | < 23 ℓ/min | |
| Alignment | | visual | |
| Pick-up | | Manual | |
| Solder/flux | | Solder/flux1. Removing or pre-heating the solder residue before mounting new part2. Apply lead-free flux only or apply 2 ~ 3 points of solder paste instead | |



22.2. Recommended Heater Gun Setting Condition

| | Heater gun setting Temperature | | 300 °C ~ 400 °C |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------|-----------------|
| | Nozzle & MIC. Length | | 1.5 cm |
| | Flow setting | | 2.0 ~ |
| Heater gun nozzle | Alignment | | Visual |
| 1.5cm 🕇 📝 MIC | Pick-up | | Manual |
| PCB | Working Time | Remove | 10 ~ 20 sec |
| States and States | Working Time | SMD | 10 ~ 20 sec |

* Note 1. According to the material & thickness & counts of layer for PCB, this condition will be change.

* Note 2. According to Rework M/C & Worker, this condition will be change.



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22. REWORK

22.3. Rework Process Condition (using Heater Gun)

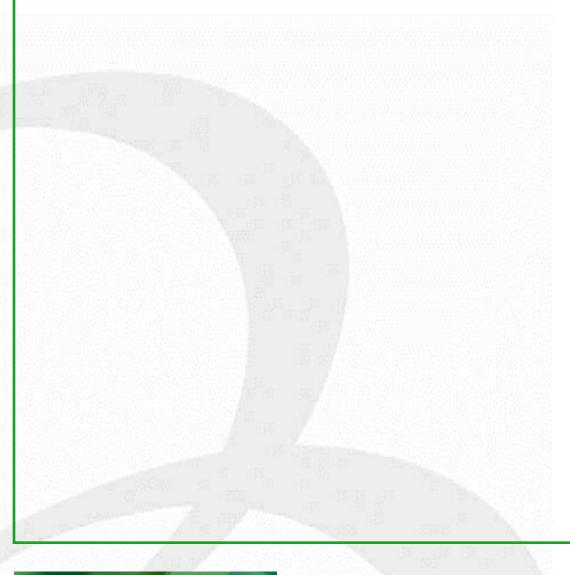
| Bottom Heater | Recommend IR heater. |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Alignment | Use magnifier for alignment. Note : it may difficult to do alignment by naked visual because MIC pad is located on soffit. |
| Temperature | Recommend temperature is "300 $^{\circ}$ C". |
| Time | It is the optimized working process of 1.0 ~ 2.0mm board for 10~20sec under 300 $^\circ\!\!\!C$ temp. |
| Nozzle | Use heater gun without nozzle |
| Solder/flux Process Options | Removing the solder residue before mounting new part print Halogen-free solder paste on the SMD MIC terminals using mask → mounting 2-1. Pre-heating the solder residue before mounting new part - |
| | apply Halogen-free flux onto the land pattern 2-2. Pre-heating the solder residue before mounting new part apply 2 ~ 3 points of Halogen-free solder paste onto the land pattern |
| | 3. <u>Highly recommendation process for rework</u>. After remove defect parts without Pre-heating, It is used Halogen-free flux or 2~3 points of Halogen-free solder. (It is most effective and fast for rework) |



22. REWORK

22.4. Handling of Rework

- * Note 1. Follow standard guide line of SMD company for Rework Condition
- * Note 2. Rework conditions may variable by SMD companies' circumstance and working condition.
- * Note 3. Do Not reuse defect microphone by SMD process.
- * Note 4. Do not employ chemical board wash or cleaning, as the associated cleaning agents (such as liquid or air) can damage the device.





V2.0

SPECIFICATION HISTORY

| Version | Date | Comments |
|-----------|-------------|--|
| 1.0 | Nov. 01. 17 | 1 st Submission of Electro-Acoustical specification |
| 2.0 | Apr. 01. 18 | Updated INTERFACE CIRCUIT & CHANNEL DATA CONFIGURATION |
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